

## LEGAL BASIS FOR STORAGE AND USE OF UNMANNED AERIAL VEHICLES

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In the current era of development, humanity has begun to make new discoveries in the field of technology in order to make life easier and more comfortable, in line with modern requirements. For example, if we look at the twentieth century in the field of photography and video, we can see that in the XXI century - the age of technology, not only in terms of color images, but also new digital ones. the creation of surveillance cameras with the ability to capture, or the fact that the cameras have the ability to capture both video and photo, as well as the ability to capture images without remote control, astonishing human life. The opportunities to leave their achievements, holidays and happy moments in the pages of history, to pass them on to future generations, to their successors are expanding.

But some categories of people are using the devices for their own anti-social purposes and pursuing their own selfish intentions. First of all, let's clarify what a drone is.

An unmanned aerial vehicle (UAV) is a drone that can fly unmanned, remotely controlled or programmed from another location, and can be completely independent in flight. The person who controls this device is its direct control operator. For practical application of this created device the head of the State inspectorate of flight safety of the Republic of Uzbekistan from November 21, 2016 Order No. 88 has been approved and put into practice, and to date, unmanned aerial vehicles have been used under this order. According to this order, according to the Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan No. ZRU No. 534 of May 2, 2019, it is included as Article 2444 of the Criminal Code XVII Jamaat. This article stipulates imprisonment for up to three years for illegal import, transfer, acquisition, storage, or use of unmanned aerial vehicles, their components and spare parts.

Launch of models of these unmanned aerial vehicles was approved by the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan on 26.11.2014. Permitted in accordance with Resolution 322. With regard to the conditions of launch of these models, the use of airspace from models of unmanned aerial vehicles is allowed, but toy models must have a flight altitude not exceeding 50 meters, 150 meters from the launch site, a safe distance from people and maintain constant visual contact with the aircraft.

At present, there are organizations that have the right to import and use these unmanned aerial vehicles in the Republic of Uzbekistan. These include the Information-Analytical Multimedia Center under the Prosecutor General's Office, the Main Department for Scientific Production of Protection and Use of Cultural Heritage of the Ministry of Culture of the Republic of Uzbekistan, "Uzshaharsozlik LITI" State Unitary Enterprise, the National Television and Radio Company of Uzbekistan, Uzbekiston Holding, Land Resources of the Republic of Uzbekistan, designated as the State Committee for Geodesy, Cartography and State Cadastre.

It is clear that individuals do not have the right to use these devices. Therefore, individuals have the right to receive and use unmanned aerial vehicles at the designated time, ie from 08:00 to 18:00 and in designated places, in hotels, shrines, recreation areas, which are crowded with tourists, if allowed, it will greatly contribute to the recognition of the state to other states, as well as to economic growth.