

## CONCEPT "TIME" IN RUSSIAN AND KOREAN LINGUOCULTUROLOGY

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**Annotation.** This article is devoted to the concept of "Time" in Russian and Korean. The article allows you to deeply understand the specifics of the definition of the concept of "time" in the Korean and Russian languages, to rethink the similarities and differences in the mentality of the two cultures.

**Keywords.** Time, interval, period of time, time, period, moment, term, occasion.

In linguoculturology, the concept of "time" is a universal concept that has an identical semantic structure in Korean and Russian. The concept of "time" is a complex phenomenon that reflects numerous aspects of human life and society, since it is associated with self-awareness, regulation of behavior and activity, both individual and group. The problems of international relations that exist at the present stage require research in the field of intercultural understanding, one of which, in our opinion, is the study of mental images and behavioral strategies associated with the category of time.

In Russian, the object under study is denoted by the concept of "time". In the explanatory dictionary of the Russian language S.I. Ozhegov and N.Yu. Shvedova, the following definitions of "time" are given: 1) one of the forms of existence of matter; 2) the duration of something, measured in seconds, minutes, hours; 3) consecutive change of hours, days, years; 4) a certain moment at which something happens; 5) period, era; 6) time of day, year; 7) a suitable time, auspicious moment; 8) period or moment free from something; 9) the category of the verb, in special forms referring the action to the plan of the present, past or future. In the explanatory dictionary of T.F. Efremova gives definitions that are synonymous with the above, and one more thing is added: an indicator of the speed of an athlete when running, swimming for a certain distance. In the dictionary of D.N. Ushakov, no new definitions for this concept were found. The ABBYY Lingvo dictionary also has definitions for the lexeme "time": 1) a period of time intended for a certain activity; 2) the length of time during which any processes, events occur; 3) the moment of the action; 4) historical period of time. It can be concluded that the most common definitions of the concept of "time" are: interval, duration, moment.

Let us consider the synonymous series of these definitions, since synonymy is one of the main language means reflecting the results of conceptualization processes. In the dictionary of Russian synonyms and expressions similar in meaning to N. Abramov, we find words that are close in meaning, such as: duration, moment, time, epoch, period, period, period of time, season, century, era, date. Among these definitions, we also note "duration", "interval" and "moment". Therefore, they are the dominants of the synonymic series.

But, despite their synonymy, these definitions of the concept "time" do not replace each other in all contexts without exception, for example: "I have time" (but not: "I have a moment / duration / interval"); "Right moment); "For a long time!" long period). Indeed, we can observe the phenomenon of the proximity of words, explained through their semantic meaning. According to the dictionary of S.I. Ozhegov "duration - time of flow, something", "interval - space or time separating something", "moment - a moment, an instant, a short time in which something happens." These interpretations are realized through the given examples: "Life expectancy. Miss the moment." As you can see, all definitions contain the word "time", which undoubtedly proves their semantic closeness. In Korean, the concept of "time" is denoted by two hieroglyphs "시각", that is, according to the ABBYY Lingvo dictionary, time, a period of time. In the explanatory dictionary of the Korean language, the following definition of time is given:

1. time; time; period; moment; instant

시간의 어떤 순간이나 부분.

Some interval or part of time.

2. time of eating; Lunch time; supper time

끼니 또는 밥을 먹는 시간.

Meal time.

3. moment; happening; time; period; time

어떤 일을 하기에 알맞은 시기.

The period is suitable for any business.

4. time; period

어떤현상, 일등이 일어나는 시간.

The time when a phenomenon, event, etc. occurs.

5. case; time

어떤 경우.

Any case.

6. during; during

어떤 시기 동안.

During any period.

7. season;

일 년을 기후가 변화하는 것에 따라 나눈 봄, 여름, 가을, 겨울과 같은 시기.

Seasons: spring, summer, autumn, winter, into which one year is divided depending on climatic changes.

8. interval

어떤 때부터 다른 때까지의 동안.

The time elapsed between something and something.

9. time; interval

어떤 일을 할 시간적인 틈이나

The amount of time allotted for the completion of a task.

10. 명사」 noun [시듣기]

hour; time

사람이 태어난 시각.

The moment of a person's birth.

시 의존 명사」 dependent noun [시듣기]

11. day; day

밤열두시에서 다음

The length of time is twenty-four hours, from twelve at night to twelve of the next night.

12. day

하루 중 밝은 동안.

Daytime.

13. date; day

어떠한 이유로 정해 놓은 하루.

A day appointed for any reason.

14. time; period

어떠한 시절이나 때.

Any period or time.

15. case

‘경우’의 뜻을 나타내는 말.

A word expressing the meaning of "case".

때 명사 noun [때듣기]

16. hour

그 하나를 나타내는 시간의

Dependent noun for counting time when divided by 24 hours.

17. time; happening

어떤 일이 일어날 때나 경우.

Period or occasion when something happens.

시간 명사 noun [시간듣기]

18. time

어떤 때에서 다른 때까지의 동안.

The gap from one pore to another.

19. it's time ; time

어떤 일을 하도록 정해진 때. 또는하루중의어느한때.

A suitable time to do some work, as well as a certain part of the day.

20. free time

어떤 일을 할 여유.

Time to do some work.

21. it's time

어떤 일이 시작되어 끝날 때까지의

The period of time from the start of an activity to its completion.

22. it's time; time

자연히 지나가는 세월.

Naturally passing time.

시각 명사 noun [시각듣기]

23.the moment

연속 되는 시간 의 어느 한 지점.

A certain period in a sequential change of time.

24th time

얼마 안 되는 짧은 시간.

A very short period of time.

시대 명사」 noun [시대듣기]

25. era; period; time

역사적으로 어떤 특징을 기준으로

A certain period, which is divided on the basis of any historical features.

26. era; period; time

지금의 시기. 또는 문제가 되고있는 그시기.

Given time. Also a difficult time.

시일 명사 noun [시일듣기]

27. time; term

어떤 일을 시간.

The amount of time left before a task is completed.

28. term; deadline

특정하게 정해진 시간이나 날짜.

The appointed, established moment of execution, the onset of something.

### Literature

1. Electronic dictionary ABBYY Lingvo. <https://www.lingvo.ru/>

2. <https://slovarozhegova.ru/>

3. <https://www.efremova.info/>

4. Korean-Russian educational dictionary.Links: <https://forum.ru-board.com/topic.cgi?forum=93...>