

THE GENESIS OF THE DEVELOPMENT OF MUSIC CULTURE

**Imyamin Kirgizov, Iqbol Kirgizov,
Mavluda Najmetdinova, Shohida Atabayeva**
Teachers of Fergana State University

Annotation: This article discusses the genesis of gradual development in the field of music culture.

Keywords: epoch, music, culture, art, performance, work, image, imagination, skill, love

MUSIQA MADANIYATI RIVOJLANISH GENEZISI

**Imyamin Kirgizov, Iqbol Kirgizov,
Mavluda Najmetdinova, Shohida Atabayeva**
Farg'ona davlat universiteti o'qituvchilari

Annotatsiya: mazkur maqolada musiqa madaniyati sohasida bosqichma-bosqich rivojlanish genezisi borasida fikr yuritilgan.

Kalit so'zlar: yug'onish davri, musiqa, madaniyat, san'at, ijro, asar, badiiy obraz, tasavvur, mahorat, muhabbat

Uyg'onish davri Yevropa madaniyatida taraqqiy etgan insonparvarlik g'oyalari va dunyoviy mazmunga asoslangan musiqa san'atida badiiy-estetik maqsadlar asosiy vazifa darajasiga ko'tarildi, cholg'u (lyutnya, viola) va vokal (madrigal) ijrochiligi rivoj topgan. Professional musiqa da polifoniya uslubi, jumladan, a kapella xor ijrochiligi (motet, messa va boshqa janrlar) o'z cho'qqisiga ko'tarildi. Yangi kompozitorlik (Angliyada — D. Dansteybl, Niderland maktabi, Rimda — Palestrina, Vene-siyada — A. va J. Gabriyeli) maktablari shakllandi.

17—18-asrning 1-yarmida yangi janrlar — opera (Italiyada — K. Monte-verdi, A. Skarlatti; Fransiyada — J.B.Lyulli, J. B. Ramo; Angliyada — G. Pyorsell), oratoriya (G. F. Gendel), kantata (G. Shyuts, I. S. Bax), konsert (A. Korelli, A. Vivaldi, I. S. Bax, Gendel), kamer ansambl, sonata (A. Korelli, D. Skarlatti), syuita va boshqa janrlar rivoj topgan. Organ (J. Freskobaldi, Bax, Gendel), klavesin (U. Byord, G. Pyorsell, F. Kuperen, J. Ramo) uchun asarlar yaratilgan. Ushbu davrda zamonaviy kamonli cholg'u asboblar (skripka, alt, violonchel)ning buyuk ustalari A. va N. Amati, J. Gvarneri, A. Stradivari, fortepiano ixtirochisi B. Kristofori ijod etishgan, opera teatrлari, filarmoniyalar, musiqa nashriyotlari, musiqa ta'limi (konservatoriyalar) rivoj topgan. 18-asr o'rtalari — 19-asrning boshida Yevropa M.si Ma'rifatchilik davri hamda Buyuk Fransiya inqilobi g'oyalari ta'siri ostida rivojlangan (fransuz kompozitorlari K. Glyuk, L. Kerubini, J. F. Lesyuerlarning opera ijodi, Vena klassik maktabi vakillari ijodi, simfonizm musiqatafakkuri). 19-asrda rus (M. Glinka, "Qudratli tuda" vakillari, P. Chaykovskiy), polyak (F. Shopen, S. Monyushko), chek (B. Smetana, D. Dvorjak), venger (F. Erkel, F. List), norveg (E. Grig), ispan (I. Albenis, E. Granados), fin (Ya. Sibelius) yangi milliy kompozitorlik maktablari shakllangan, yetakchi ijodiy oqim sifatida romantizm karor topgan (K. M. Veber, F. Shubert, R. Shuman, F. Mendelson, G. Berlioz, N. Paganini vab.). 20-asr M. tarixida alohida o'rin tutadi.M. madaniyatining barcha jabhalarida tub o'zgarishlar yuz bergen. Ijodida yangi-yangi uslub va yo'nalishlar (musiqiy avangardizm, modernizm) rivoj topgan. 20-asrda yuz bergen ilmiytexnik va informatsion inqiloblar (radio, televideniye, grammoplastinka va magnit yozuvlarini ixtiro etish) natijasida M.ning tinglovchilarga yetkazish va eshitish sohalarida yangi imkoniyatlar paydo bo'ldi. Buning natijasida ommabop musiqa madaniyati rivoj topdi. Kompozitorlik ijodida sof musiqiy (simfoniya, konsert, kamer-cholg'u musiqa kabi) janrlar o'rniga vokal M.si, teatr M.si, kino M.si kabi "aralash" turlar yetakchilik qila boshladi. Kompozitorlik ijodi bilan birga an'anaviy musiqa ijodi ham yangi, zamonaviy sharoitlarga moslashib rivoj topdi. Jumladan, Shark, mamlakatlari mumtoz M. janrlari (mas, hind ragalari, pokiston

qavalli, ozarbayjon mug'om, o'zbek va tojik maqomlari va h.k.) uzining milliy doiralaridan chiqib jahon sahnalarida ijro etila boshladи, kompozitorlik ham ommaviy musiqa yo'naliшlariga o'z ta'sirini o'tkazdi.

O'zbekistonda musiqa, asosan, xalq va og'zaki an'anadagi professional musiqa sifatida qadimdan rivojlanib kelgan. Xalq musiqa sidalapar, terma, yama, qo'shiqlartt turli xillari (marosim, maishiy, mehnat, o'yin, raqs, lirk, nasihatomuz va boshqalar), og'zaki an'anadagi o'zbek professional musiqa sida esa doston, katta ashula, ashula, maqom, cholg'u yo'llari kabi janrlar mavjud. O'zbek musiqa merosida 4 asosiy mahalliy uslubni farqlash mumkin (qarang [Buxoro-Samarqand musika uslubi](#), [Xorazm musika uslubi](#), [Farg'onan Toshkent musika uslubi](#), [Surxondaryo-Qashqadaryo moyesha uslubi](#)). 20-asrda o'zbek va boshqa O'rta Osiyo xalqlari M. merosini yozib olish va o'rganish bo'yicha muhim ishlar bajarildi, yuzlab nota to'plamlari va i.t.lar nashr etildi. Bastakor, xrfiz va sozandalar o'zbek M. merosi durdonalari (Shashmakom, Xorazm makomlari, Faryuna-Toshkent makom yo'llari va boshqalar) ni keng targ'ib qilibgina qolmay, yangi cholg'u kuy va ashulalar yaratdilar, dastlabki musiqali drama va komediya asarlarining mualif yoki hammuallifi bo'lishdi. 1930—40 yillarda O'zbekistonda avvallari bo'limgan yangi (opera, balet, simfonik M., kamer M., konsert kabi) M. janrlari yuzaga keldi. Ular, ayniqsa, 1950—60 yillardan boshlab O'zbekiston kompozitorlari ijodida keng rivoj topdi, shuningdek, ommaviy M.ning estrada musiqasi, yoshlar musiqasi kabi yo'naliшlar ham keng yoyilgan.

Musiqaning paydo bo'lishi masalasida turli ilmiy farazlar vujudga kelgan. Hissiyotga to'lgan nutq ohangi, qushlarning sayrashi va hayvonlarning o'z juftlarini chaqirishi, ibridoiy odamlarning mehnat usullari va ularning chaqiriq tovushlari, jodu-sehrlash marosimlari musiqaning ilk manbalari hisoblanadi. Sharq mutafakkirlari ham musiqaning vujudga kelishi muammosi haqida ilmiy mulohazalar ham qoldirishgan. Musiqa tarixini Farobi inson nutqini shakllanish jarayoni hissiyotlari bilan bevosita bog'liq holda, Ibn Xaldun XIV asrda esa -ijtimoiy tizimlarning shakllanish qonuniyatlariga asoslangan holda tushuntirishgan.

Zamonaviy musiqashunoslik fani arxealogiya va etnografiya ma'lumotlaridan kelib chiqib musiqa san'atining ibridoiy jamiyatda insonning amaliy faoliyati jarayonida boshqa san'at turlari raqs, she'riyat va boshqalar bilan qorishma xolda paydo bo'lishini asoslab beradi. Bunda musiqaning ijtimoiy muloqot vositasi, mehnat va marosim jarayonlarini tashkil etish vositasi bo'lib xizmat qiladi va ayni vaqtida jamiyatga zarur axloqiy -ma'naviy xususiyatlarni tarbiyalash maqsadlarini ko'zlaydi.

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