October, 30th 2021

# UZBEK TERMINOLOGY IN LOCAL RESEARCH

## Kamilova Durdona Kozimdjanovna

Customs institute of the State customs
Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan,
Senior teacher of the Department of
Uzbek and foreign languages
durdona8324@mail.ru

**Abstract:** This article discusses in detail the research, analysis and results of the formation, development and current role of Uzbek terminology. In addition, the views of Uzbek linguists on the term, which is the object of study of terminology, are also given.

**Keywords**: Business, entrepreneurship, term, terminology, research, Uzbek terminology.

Terminology is a widely developed field and has been studied by linguists in almost all countries. The role of Uzbek linguists in research on terms is also important. A number of scholars are contributing to the development of Uzbek terminology through research, and as a result, Uzbek terminology is reaching a stage of development.

It is worth mentioning the opinion of the linguist Usmonov, according to him, "in Uzbek linguistics, a lot of research has been done on the study of the term and its linguistic features."[1] As we have seen, research in the field of terminology has not only recently appeared, but in turn has achieved certain results.

The study of Uzbek terminology began in the 60s and 70s of the twentieth century. Since then, a number of important issues have been resolved, and specific or possible solutions to existing problems have been proposed. To date, the practical and theoretical study of terms has become one of the most important issues for the state.

Thus, the solution of terminological problems and the study of their application is one of the most important tasks for linguists. Abdullaeva A., one of the linguists, conducted the research. (2003), Abdullaeva Sh. (2018), Abdurahmonov G. (1973), Abdushukurov B. (2015), Akobirov S. (1968), Akhmanova OS (1966), Ahmedov O. (2016), Ahmedov G., Bektemirov H. (2002), Bakirov F. (1959), Begmatov E. (1985), Bekmuhamedov H.D. (1978), Gulyamov A. (1946), Dadabaev H. (1990), Doniyorov R. (1977), Yodgorov H. (1996), Ismailov I. (1966), Ismoilov M. (2013), Ishaev A. (1986), Kadirbekova D. (2017), Karimov G. (1985), Madvaliev A. (2017), Mahkamov N., Ermatov I. (2013), Narkhodjaeva Kh. (2017), Odilov Yo. (2016), Omonturdiev J., Omonturdiev A. (2014), Saidkodirova D. (2018), Mukhtorov J., Rahmatullaev Sh (1965), Tursunova O. (2009), Usmonov O., Doniyorov R. (1977), Usmonkhuzhayev A., Avakov VE, Basitkhanova EI (2010), Kholmanova Z. (2007), Choriev Z. (1999), Shaakhmedov E. (1974), Shermuhamedov Ya., Umarov A. (1981), Urazboev A. (2013), Hojiev A. (2010) play an important role in the study of Uzbek terminology. The above-named linguists have studied the field of terminology and terminology from different angles, which in turn has led to the expansion of local research. The following is a detailed account of the research, analysis, and results of the formation, development, and current role of Uzbek terminology.

One of the main differences of the modern Uzbek literary language from the languages of the past is that today it has a special place and position in the field of terminology. At the same time, "there are two views on the role of terminology in language, which are as follows. According to the first view, terminology is recognized as an independent layer of the lexicon of a literary language, while according to the second doctrine, it is distinguished from the vocabulary of a literary language, evaluated as an "individual" object, and the types of speech (dialect, slang, language). [2]

Before analyzing Uzbek terminology, it is appropriate to dwell on the views of Uzbek linguists on the term that is the object of study of terminology. Definitions of the term have been widely discussed in various scientific literatures. In almost all definitions, the term is described as a word or a combination of words that express a specific scientific and technical concept and refer to a specific field.

## An International Multidisciplinary Virtual Conference on Humanity and Science Congress Seoul, South Korea onferencepublication.com

#### October, 30th 2021

"The term refers not only to the words and phrases of science and technology, but also to the names of all household appliances, the names of the means of production, as well as all the names of the primary tools of the past, that is, the word of the profession." [3]

In our opinion, the term is also a word that is not limited to certain areas, that is, the terms apply to almost every area of our lives.

O.S. Akhmanova: "Terminology emerges only when a science has reached the highest level of its development, that is, the term is recognized only after it has acquired a definite scientific expression. An important way to distinguish a term from a nonterminal is that it cannot be defined on a scientific basis." [4]

The term is defined in the Explanatory Dictionary of the Uzbek language as follows: to my father. "It should be noted that the word has the same meaning in the Russian sources mentioned in the previous philosophy and in the Uzbek encyclopaedia." [5]

According to Usmanov, "the reflection of any process that takes place in society is first expressed in terminology, or as a result of the transformation of certain terms." [6]

According to G. Ismailov, "the term is a natural or artificial language with a special terminological meaning, which clearly and completely reflects the main features of the concepts at a certain stage of scientific development." [7] We can cite many different views of Uzbek linguists on such terms, because the terminology of Uzbek linguistics has been widely analysed in local studies.

From the above statements, we can conclude that to date, Uzbek terminology has reached a stage of development due to the efforts of linguists.

#### **Used literature:**

- 1. Усмонов C. Some issues of Uzbek terminology. Tashkent., 1968
- 2. Hamidulla Dadaboev "Uzbek terminology".
- 3. Hayutin A. D. Terminology and nomenclature. Samarkand: 1971. 214
- 4. Akhmanova OS Dictionary of linguistic terms. –M., 1966.
- 5. Explanatory dictionary of the Uzbek language: Tashkent, 2008. P
- 6. Usmonov O., Khamidov Sh. Materials from the history of Uzbek lexicon (late XIX early XX centuries). Tashkent: Fan, 1981
- 7. Ismoilov G '. "Semantic formation of terms in the terminological system of the Uzbek language". 2011